Fin4713: Example: How much house can I afford? (Fixed amount for Property Tax and Insurance)

You have a 50,000 annual income, and make car payments of 450 per month but have no other debt, and have \$30000 in the bank. How much house can you afford, given the following mortgage opportunity:

FRM conventional 30 year at 7.875%, requires 20% down with 28/36 qualifying ratio. Two discount points will be charges and closing cost and pro-rates =\$3000. Property taxes will be 3600 per year and insurance 360 per year.

Step 1. How much of loan do I qualify for? This depends on the PITI I am allowed

Monthly income*ratio (50000/12*ratio)	<u>28%</u> 1166.67	<u>36%</u> 1500 450
Choose Min. as available for PITI		1166.67	1050
Available for PITI = Less property taxes Less insurance Available for debt service	(PI) 1050 - 300 <u>- 30</u> 720		

Max amount of loan you can service (use financial calculator or formula) = \$99,300.84

Step 2: Compute maximum size of loan you can afford to close on.

Savings =	30000
Other closing	3000
Funds available for points and down payment.	27000

Define the following notation: HV = house value LV = loan value For a 20% down payment loan note that $0.8^{*}HV=LV$ or we can rewrite as $HV = 1.25^{*}LV$

In general for a down payment percent of "d" we can write $(1-d)^{*}HV = LV$, or $HV = [1/(1-d)]^{*}LV$

We will allocate our available cash to either the down payment or the points so we can write: Cash = Down payment + loan point fee

We know the Down payment depends on the HV and loan point fee on fee on the LV so we write: Cash = $d^{*}HV + p^{*}LV$ where p = points, expressed as a fraction of loan

We know the amount of cash we have, d, & p. We also know that HV=[1/(1-d)*LV) so we can write

 $Cash = d^{1}(1/(1-d)) + p^{LV}$

or, solving for what we want to know, the LV we have:

LV = Cash/[(d/(1-d) + p]]

For d=0.2 (i.e. 20% down payment) and p=0.02 (i.e. 2 points) and cash=27000 we have:

LV=27000/[.2/(1-.2) + .02] = 27000/.27 = 100000

This is maximum size loan that we have funds to close on.

We need to choose the lower of the two possible loan amounts; thus, the maximum size loan we can afford is \$99,300. What is the maximum house we can afford? (Note that we don't need all of our cash to close this smaller loan, so we can use the extra money for a higher down payment (i.e. we are allowed more than 20% down, we are just not allow less) so we can apply that to buying the house. What remains is to compute the amount of house. Max house = Loan amount + cash – prepays – points =

= 99300.84 + 30000 - 3000 - 1986.02 = \$124,314.82